Test Booklet Code

ANKHA

No. :

E2

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.

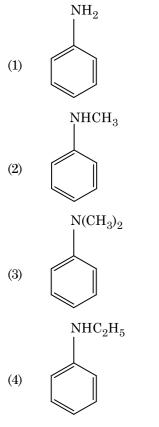
Important Instructions :

- 1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
- 2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
- 3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/marking responses.
- 4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
- 5. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 6. The CODE for this Booklet is **E2**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
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- 8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
- 9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
- 10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
- 11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.
- 12. Use of Electronic/Marual Calculator is prohibited.
- 13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
- 14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
- 15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

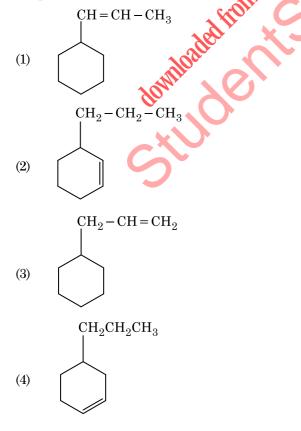
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1. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?



2. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



Match the following and identify the **correct** option.

(a))	CO(g)	$+ H_2(g$		(i)	$Mg(HCO_3)_2 + Ca(HCO_3)_2$
(b)		Temporary hardness of water			(ii)	An electron deficient hydride
(c))	B_2H_6			(iii)	Synthesis gas
(d))	H_2O_2			(iv)	Non-planar structure
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
(1)		(a) (iii)	(b) (i)	(c) (ii)	(d) (iv)	
(1) (2))					
)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	
(2)))	(iii) (iii)	(i) (ii)	(ii) (i)	(iv) (iv)	

The freezing point depression constant (K_f) of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol⁻¹. The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off up to two decimal places):

 $(1) \quad 0.20 \, {
m K}$

4.

- $(2) \quad 0.80 \,\mathrm{K}$
- (3) 0.40 K
- (4) 0.60 K
- 5. On electrolysis of dil.sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :
 - (1) Hydrogen gas
 - (2) Oxygen gas
 - (3) H_2S gas
 - (4) SO_2 gas

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6. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions:

8.

CHO



- Identify the correct statement from the following:
- (1)Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.

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- (2)Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of CO_2 .
- (3)Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- (4)Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- 9. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following?
 - (1)-I effect of -CH₃ groups
 - (2) $+ R effect of - CH_3 groups$
 - (3)– R effect of – CH₃ groups
 - (4)Hyperconjugation
 - Urea reacts with water to form A which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through Cu^{2+} (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?
 - (1) $CuSO_4$
 - $[Cu(NH_3)_4]^{2+}$ (2)
 - (3) $Cu(OH)_2$
 - CuCO₃·Cu(OH)₂ (4)
- 11. A mixture of N_2 and Ar gases in a cylinder contains $7 \text{ g of } N_2$ and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of N_2 is :

[Use atomic masses (in $g \mod^{-1}$): N = 14, Ar = 40]

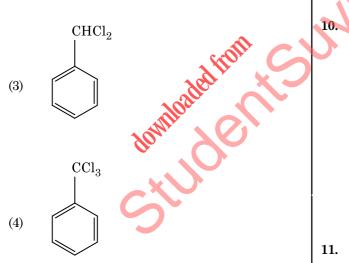
- (1)9 bar
- 12 bar (2)
- (3)15 bar
- (4)18 bar

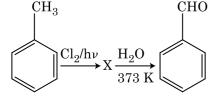
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- 7. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms?
 - (1) $1 \operatorname{g} \operatorname{of} \operatorname{Ag}(s)$ [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
 - (2)1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
 - $1 \text{ g of } O_2(g)$ [Atomic mass of O = 16] (3)
 - (4)1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]

(2)

(1)





C1



$\mathbf{E2}$

12. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :

(1)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$$

(2) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
(3) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
(4) $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

- 13. The rate constant for a first order reaction is $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$. The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :
 - (1) 100 s
 - (2) 200 s
 - (3) 500 s
 - (4) 1000 s
- 14. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :
 - (1) Isopropyl alcohol
 - (2) Sec. butyl alcol
 - (3) Tert. butyl alcohol
 - (4) Isobutyl alcohol
- 15. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment?
 - (1) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
 - (2) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (3) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
 - (4) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

16. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?

 $CH_4(g) + 4Cl_2(g) \rightarrow CCl_4(l) + 4HCl(g)$ (1) + 4 to + 4

- (2) 0 to + 4
- (3) -4 to +4
- (4) 0 to -4
- **17.** Match the following :

	Oxid	le		Nature
(a)	CO		(i)	Basic
(b)	BaO		(ii)	Neutral
(c)	Al_2O	Al_2O_3		Acidic
(d)	Cl_2O	Cl_2O_7		Amphoteric
Whie	ch of th	ne follo	wing i	s correct option?
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)

- 18. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?
 - (1) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
 - (2) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
 - (3) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- **19.** Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?
 - (1) Viscosity
 - (2) Solubility
 - (3) Stability of the colloidal particles
 - (4) Size of the colloidal particles
- **20.** Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds?
 - (1) $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (2) $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
 - (3) $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
 - (4) $CN^- < C_2 O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$

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- 21. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is:
 - (a) **β**-Elimination reaction
 - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
 - Dehydrohalogenation reaction (c)
 - (d) Dehydration reaction
 - (1)(a), (b), (c)
 - (2)(a), (c), (d)
 - (3)(b), (c), (d)
 - (4)(a), (b), (d)
- 22. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :
 - (1) $q = 0, \Delta T = 0 \text{ and } w = 0$
 - (2)q = 0, $\Delta T < 0$ and w > 0
 - q < 0, $\Delta T = 0$ and w = 0(3)
 - q > 0, $\Delta T > 0$ and w > 0(4)

23. Identify the **incorrect** statement.

- $Cr^{2+}(d^4)$ is a stronger reducing agent than (1) $Fe^{2+}(d^6)$ in water.
- (2)The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes
- Interstitial compounds the those that are (3)formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
- The oxidation states of chromium in CrO_4^{2-} (4)and $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$ are not the same.

Identify the incorrect match. 24.

IUPAC Official Name

Mendelevium

(a) Unnilunium

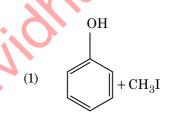
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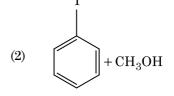
- (i)
- Unniltrium Lawrencium (ii)
- Unnilhexium Seaborgium (c) (iii)
- (d) Unununnium (iv) Darmstadtium
- (1)(a), (i)

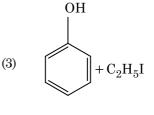
(b)

- (2)(b), (ii)
- (3)(c), (iii)
- (4)(d), (iv)

- 25. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :
 - Aldol condensation (1)
 - (2)Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (3)Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
 - (4)Cross Aldol condensation
- 26. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O-linkage?
 - H₂SO₃, sulphurous acid (1)
 - (2) H_2SO_4 , sulphuric acid
 - (3)H₂S₂O₈, peroxodisulphuric acid
 - H₂S₂O₇, pyrosulphuric acid (4)
- 27. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl₂, MgCl₂ and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s)?
 - (1)Both MgCl₂ and CaCl₂
 - (2)Only NaCl
 - (3)Only MgCl₂
 - NaCl, MgCl₂ and CaCl₂ (4)
- 28. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :







(4) $+ C_{2}H_{5}OH$

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- Identify the **correct** statements from the following:
- (a) $CO_2(g)$ is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
- (b) The structure of C_{60} contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
- (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
- $(d) \qquad CO \ is \ colorless \ and \ odourless \ gas.$
- (1) (a), (b) and (c) only
- (2) (a) and (c) only
- (3) (b) and (c) only
- (4) (c) and (d) only
- 30. For the reaction, $2Cl(g) \rightarrow Cl_2(g)$, the correct option is :
 - (1) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S > 0$
 - (2) $\Delta_r H > 0$ and $\Delta_r S < 0$
 - (3) $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S > 0$
 - (4) $\Delta_r H < 0 \text{ and } \Delta_r S < 0$
- 31. Paper chromatography is an example of
 - (1) Adsorption chromatography
 - (2) Partition chromatography
 - (3) Thin layer chromatography
 - (4) Column chromatography
- **32.** Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?
 - (1) n-Hexane
 - (2) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
 - (3) n-Heptane
 - (4) n-Butane

- **33.** An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
 - (1) activation energy
 - (2) heat of reaction
 - (3) threshold energy
 - (4) collision frequency
- 34. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten $CaCl_2$ (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol⁻¹) is :
 - (1) 1
 - (2) 2

3

4

(3)

(4)

- 35. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :
 - (1) Ethanol + Acetone
 - (2) Benzene + Toluene
 - (3) Acetone + Chloroform
 - (4) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
- **36.** Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.

 $Sucrose + H_2O \rightleftharpoons Glucose + Fructose$

If the equilibrium constant (K_c) is 2×10^{13} at 300 K, the value of $\Delta_r G^{\ominus}$ at the same temperature will be :

- (1) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (2) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (3) $8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (4) $-8.314 \,\mathrm{J}\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}\mathrm{K}^{-1} \times 300 \,\mathrm{K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- **37.** Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :
 - (1) β -D-Glucose + α -D-Fructose
 - (2) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Glucose
 - (3) α -D-Glucose + β -D-Fructose
 - (4) α -D-Fructose + β -D-Fructose

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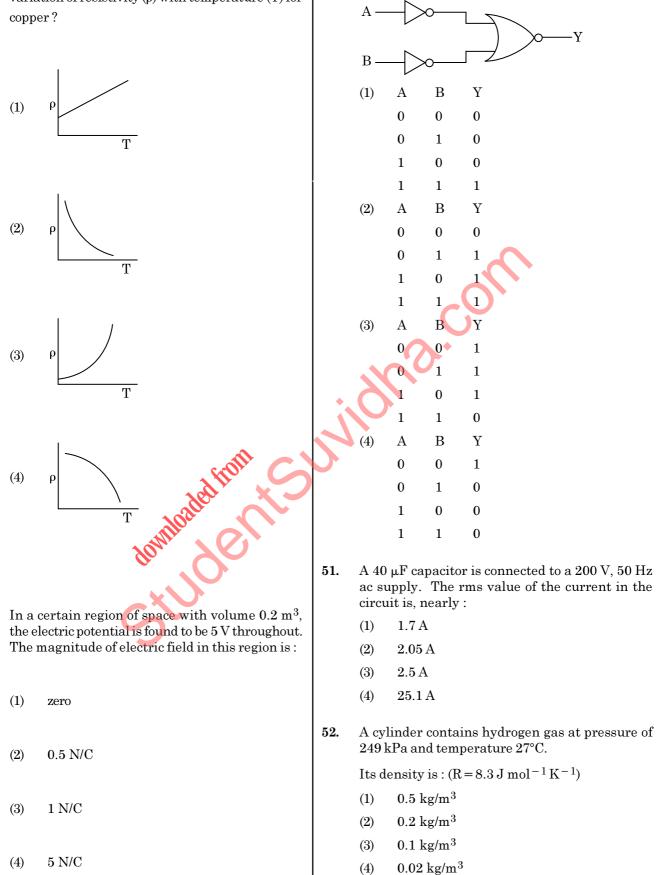
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- **38.** The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr^{2+} ion is :
 - $(1) \qquad 3.87 \, \mathrm{BM}$
 - (2) 4.90 BM
 - (3) 5.92 BM
 - (4) 2.84 BM
- **39.** Which of the following is a natural polymer ?
 - (1) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
 - (2) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
 - (3) polybutadiene
 - (4) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- **40.** Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?
 - (1) Serine
 - (2) Alanine
 - (3) Tyrosine
 - (4) Lysine
- 41. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?
 - (1) Sodium lauryl sulphate
 - (2) Sodium stearate
 - (3) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
 - (4) Sodium dodecylbergene sulphonate
- 42. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)₂ in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)₂ is 2×10^{-15} .
 - (1) $2 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (2) $2 \times 10^{-8} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (3) $1 \times 10^{-13} \,\mathrm{M}$
 - (4) $1 \times 10^8 \,\mathrm{M}$
- 43. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.
 - (1) He₂
 - (2) Li₂
 - (3) C₂
 - (4) O₂

- 44. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
 - (1) Iron
 - (2) Copper
 - (3) Calcium
 - (4) Potassium
- 45. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in ${}^{175}_{71}$ Lu, respectively, are :
 - (1) 71, 104 and 71
 (2) 104, 71 and 71
 (3) 71, 71 and 104
 (4) 175, 104 and 71
- **46.** Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm² falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm². The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :
 - (1) $10 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (2) $12 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (3) $24 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
 - (4) $48 \times 10^3 \,\mathrm{J}$
- **47.** For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?
 - (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
 - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
 - (3) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
 - (4) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.

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- 48. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity (ρ) with temperature (T) for copper ?
- **50.** For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



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- 53. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of 9.99 m 0.0099 m?
 - $(1) \quad 9.9801 \text{ m}$
 - (2) 9.98 m
 - (3) 9.980 m
 - (4) 9.9 m
- **54.** The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter d and number density n can be expressed as :

(1)
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \ n\pi d}$$

(2) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \ n\pi d^2}$
(3) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \ n^2 \pi d^2}$
(4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} \ n^2 \pi d^2}$

- (4) $\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2$ An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a
- 55. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of 1200 A m⁻¹. The permeability of the material of the rod is :

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2) $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T \ m \ A^{-1}}$
- (3) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4) $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- 56. A short electric dipole has a sipole moment of 16×10^{-9} C m. The electropotential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of 60° with the dipole axis is :

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$
(1) 50 V

- (1) 30° (2) 200° V
- (3) 400 V
- (4) zero
- 57. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?
 - (1) 48 N
 - (2) 32 N
 - (3) 30 N
 - (4) 24 N

- **58.** The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
 - (1) metals
 - (2) insulators only
 - (3) semiconductors only
 - (4) insulators and semiconductors
- **59.** Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled?
 - (1) doubled
 - (2) four times
 - (3) one-fourth
 - (4) zero

60. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is π/3. If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again π/3 between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :

- (1) zero
- (2) 0.5
- (3) 1.0
- (4) -1.0
- 61. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of 3.2×10^{-7} C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?

$$\left(\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2\right)$$

- (1) $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$
- (3) $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
- (4) $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$

- 10
- 62. Find the torque about the origin when a force of $3\hat{i}$ N acts on a particle whose position vector is $2\hat{k}$ m.
 - $6\hat{i}$ N m (1)
 - $6\hat{i}$ Nm (2)
 - $-6\hat{i}$ N m (3)
 - $6\hat{k}$ N m (4)
- 63. A charged particle having drift velocity of 7.5×10^{-4} m s⁻¹ in an electric field of 3×10^{-10} Vm⁻¹, has a mobility in m² V⁻¹ s⁻¹ of:
 - 2.25×10^{15} (1)
 - $2.5 imes 10^6$ (2)
 - 2.5×10^{-6} (3)
 - 2.25×10^{-15} (4)
- **64**. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence *i* on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism A) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is μ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to: Willoaded III
 - (1)
 - (2)
 - μA (3)
 - μA (4)
- 65. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 = 1.5 r_2$) through 1 K are in the ratio:
 - 27(1)8 9 (2)4
 - 3 (3) $\overline{2}$

 $\frac{5}{3}$

(4)

- When a uranium isotope ${}^{235}_{92}$ U is bombarded with a neutron, it generates ${}^{89}_{36}$ Kr , three neutrons 66. and :
 - $^{144}_{56}$ Ba (1)
 - $^{91}_{40}$ Zr (2)
 - $^{101}_{36}$ Kr (3)
 - $^{103}_{36}$ Kr (4)
- 67. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
 - π rad (1)
 - $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ rad (2) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (3)rad (4)zero
- **68**. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a 10 Ω resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of 1 Ω of the resistance wire is :
 - $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$ (1)
 - $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$ (2)
 - $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \,\mathrm{m}$ (3)
 - $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \,\mathrm{m}$ (4)
- 69. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :
 - $2.5 \mathrm{g}$ (1)
 - (2) $5.0 \mathrm{g}$
 - (3) $10.0\,\mathrm{g}$
 - (4)20.0 g
- 70. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : (c=speed of electromagnetic waves)
 - (1)c:1
 - 1:1(2)
 - (3)1:c
 - $1:c^{2}$ (4)

- **71.** In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :
 - (1) double
 - (2) half
 - (3) four times
 - (4) one-fourth
- 72. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :
 - $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$
 - (1) $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
 - (2) $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{T}$
 - (3) $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
 - (4) $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \,\mathrm{T}$
- 73. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is : $(g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2)$
 - (1) 360 m
 - (2) 340 m
 - (3) 320 m
 - (4) 300 m
- 74. For which one of the following, Bohr model is not valid?
 - (1) Hydrogen atom
 - (2) Singly ionised helium atom (He^+)
 - (3) Deuteron atom
 - (4) Singly ionised neon atom (Ne^+)
- **75.** The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : (k_B is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)
 - (1) $\frac{1}{2} k_{\rm B} T$ (2) $\frac{3}{2} k_{\rm B} T$
 - (3) $\frac{5}{2} k_{B}T$
 - (4) $\frac{7}{2} k_{\rm B} T$

76. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.

The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :

- (1) 33 cm
- (2) 50 cm
- (3) 67 cm
- (4) 80 cm
- 77. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be:
 - (1) 523 Hz
 - (2) 524 Hz
 - (3) 536 Hz
 - (4) 537 Hz

78. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :

- (1) isothermal
- (2) adiabatic
- (3) isochoric
- (4) isobaric
- 79. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is $6 \ \mu F$. With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes $30 \ \mu F$. The permittivity of the medium is :

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1) $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2) $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3) $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4) $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

 $\mathbf{E2}$

- 80. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is 1.227×10^{-2} nm, the potential difference is :
 - (1) 10 V
 - (2) $10^2 V$
 - (3) $10^3 V$
 - (4) $10^4 \,\mathrm{V}$
- 81. A wire of length L, area of cross section A is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to L_1 when mass M is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :

(1)
$$\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$$

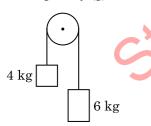
(2)
$$\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$$

$$(3) \qquad \frac{MgL}{AL_1}$$

$$(4) \qquad \frac{MgL}{MgL}$$

$$(4) \qquad \overline{A(L_1 - L)}$$

- 82. The Brewsters angle i_b for an interface should be :
 - (1) $0^{\circ} < i_b < 30^{\circ}$
 - (2) $30^{\circ} < i_b < 45^{\circ}$
 - (3) $45^{\circ} < i_b < 90^{\circ}$
 - (4) $i_b = 90^{\circ}$
- 83. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity (g) is :



- (1) g
- (2) g/2
- (3) g/5
- (4) g/10

84. Dimensions of stress are :

- (1) $[MLT^{-2}]$
- (2) $[ML^2T^{-2}]$
- (3) $[ML^0T^{-2}]$
- (4) $[ML^{-1}T^{-2}]$

85. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is :

- (1) 0.01 mm
- (2) 0.25 mm
- (3) 0.5 mm
- (4) 1.0 mm

86. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is 10^{-20} J. This value in eV is nearly :

- (1) 6
- (2) 0.6
- (3) 0.06
- (4) 0.006

87. The color code of a resistance is given below :



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively,

- are : (1) 470 kΩ, 5%
- (2) $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (3) $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (4) $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- 88. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :
 - (1) 3.66×10^{-7} rad
 - (2) 1.83×10^{-7} rad
 - (3) 7.32×10^{-7} rad
 - (4) 6.00×10^{-7} rad
- 89. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
 - (1) forward bias only
 - (2) reverse bias only
 - (3) both forward bias and reverse bias
 - (4) increase in forward current

90. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :

- (1) $4.5 \times 10^{16} \,\mathrm{J}$
- (2) $4.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- (3) $1.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$
- (4) $0.5 \times 10^{13} \,\mathrm{J}$

- **91.** Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?
 - (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
 - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
 - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
 - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
 - (1) only(a)
 - (2) (a) and (c)
 - (3) (b), (c) and (d)
 - (4) only (d)
- **92.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	Colı	ımn -	I	Column - II	
(a)	Orga	an of C	orti	(i)	Connects middle ear and pharynx
(b)	Coch	lea		(ii)	Coiled part of the labyrinth
(c)	Eust	achiar	n tube	(iii)	Attached to the oval window
(d)	Stap	es		(iv)	Located on the basilar membrane
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	<u>v</u>
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	0
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)	
(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	
(4)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	

- **93.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
 - When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
 - (2) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
 - (3) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
 - (4) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.

- **94.** Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
 - (a) Contraction of diaphragm
 - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
 - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
 - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
 - (1) (a) and (b)
 - (2) (c) and (d)
 - (3) (a), (b) and (d)
 - (4) only(d)
- **95.** The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :
 - (1) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
 - (2) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
 - (3) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
 - (4) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
- **96.** The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :
 - (1) Trophozoites
 - (2) Sporozoites
 - (3) Female gametocytes
 - (4) Male gametocytes
- **97.** Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?
 - (1) They are not bound by any membrane.
 - (2) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
 - (3) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
 - (4) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
- **98.** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
 - (1) Pachytene
 - (2) Zygotene
 - (3) Diplotene
 - (4) Leptotene
- **99.** Ray florets have :
 - (1) Inferior ovary
 - (2) Superior ovary
 - (3) Hypogynous ovary
 - (4) Half inferior ovary

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- **100.** In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
 - (1) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
 - (2) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
 - (3) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
 - (4) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
- **101.** In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?
 - (1) ZIFT and IUT
 - (2) GIFT and ZIFT
 - (3) ICSI and ZIFT
 - (4) GIFT and ICSI
- **102.** Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
 - (1) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
 - (2) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
 - (3) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
 - (4) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
- **103.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
 - (1) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O_2 .
 - (2) Partial pressure of CO_2 can interfere with O_2 binding with haemoglobin.
 - Higher H⁺ conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
 - (4) Low pCO₂ in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- 104. Identify the incorrect statement.
 - (1) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
 - (2) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
 - (3) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
 - (4) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.

- **105.** Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
 - (1) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
 - (2) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
 - (3) They are useful in genetic engineering.
 - (4) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
- 106. Floridean starch has structure similar to :
 - (1) Starch and cellulose
 - (2) Amylopectin and glycogen
 - (3) Mannitol and algin
 - (4) Laminarin and cellulose
- **107.** Choose the **correct** pair from the following :

(1)	Ligases -	Join the two DNA molecules
(2)	Polymerases -	Break the DNA into fragments
(3)	Nucleases -	Separate the two strands of DNA
(4)	Exonucleases -	Make cuts at specific

- positions within DNA
- **108.** Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by:
 - (1) Karl Ernst von Baer
 - (2) Alfred Wallace
 - (3) Charles Darwin
 - (4) Oparin
- **109.** The first phase of translation is :
 - (1) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
 - (2) Recognition of DNA molecule
 - (3) Aminoacylation of tRNA
 - (4) Recognition of an anti-codon

	one within the other :							of:	
	(a)	Polle	n grai	ns insi	de the	anther		(1)	Transport of Genetically modified organisms
	(b)	Germinated pollen grain with two male				ain with two male			from one country to another
		gametes						(2)	Emission of ozone depleting substances
	(c)	Seed	inside	the fr	uit			(3)	Release of Green House gases
	(d)			c inside	e the o	vule		(4)	Disposal of e-wastes
	(1)	(a) or	•						
	(2) (3)		b) and nd (d)	(c)			115.		QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :
	(3) (4)		nd (d)					(1)	Repolarisation of auricles
111.		. ,		hatnat		Inhanhomilationa		(2)	Depolarisation of auricles
111,				ric ació		l phosphorylations is :		(3)	Depolarisation of ventricles
	(1)	Zero			U U			(4)	Repolarisation of ventricles
	(2)	One					110	N	
	(3)	Two Thre	<u>_</u>				116.		e the plant growth regulator which upon ying on sugarcane crop, increases the length
	(4)								em, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane
112.		ch the ect op		wing o	colum	ns and select the		crop.	
	COIL	-	1011 . 1 mn -]	т		Column - II		(1)	Cytokinin
	(a)		ting Ri		(i)	Located between		(2)	Gibberellin
	(u)	1 104			(1)	second and		(3)	Ethylene
						seventh ribs		(4)	Abscisic acid
	(b)	Acro	mion		(ii)	Head of the	117.	How	many true breeding pea plant varieties did
						Humerus	J "		del select as pairs, which were similar except
	(c)	Scap	ula		(iii)	Clavicle		in or	ne character with contrasting traits?
	(d)	Glen	oid cav	vity	(iv)	Bo not connect		(1)	4
					JU.	with the sternum		(2)	2
	(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	XO		(3)	14
	(1) (2)	(ii) (i)	(iv) (iii)	(i) (ii)	(111) (iv)	\mathbf{O}		(4)	8
	(2) (3)	(i) (iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(iv) (i)				
	(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)		118.		terally symmetrical and accelomate animals exemplified by :
113.						with the causative ect option.		(1)	Ctenophora
	orgai		m sete		corre	Column - II		(2)	Platyhelminthes
	(a)	Typh		L	(i)	Wuchereria		(3)	Aschelminthes
	(a) (b)		imonia	1	(i) (ii)	Plasmodium		(4)	Annelida
	(c)	Filar		L	(iii)	Salmonella			
	(c) (d)	Mala			(iv)	Haemophilus	119.		bidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli und in :
	(u)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(IV) (d)	110emopniius			
	(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)			(1)	lining of intestine
	(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)			(2)	ducts of salivary glands
	(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)			(3)	proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
	(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			(4)	eustachian tube

E2

EZ					1	0		
120.				-	nt site of formation of	126.	The	process of
	(1)	Endop			lipids in eukaryotic cells ?		(1)	Logpha
	(1) (2)	Peroxi			Jurum		(2)	Lag pha
	(2)	Golgi k					(3)	Senescer
	(4)	Polyso		,			(4)	Dorman
121.		ght rea sfer of el			coquinone facilitates the m :	127.		ence of w e are indic
	(1)	PS-II t	to Cyt	b ₆ f co	mplex		(1)	Uremia
	(2)	Cytb ₆ f	fcomp	olex to	PS-I		(2)	Uremia
	(3)	PS-I to	o NAI	OP+			(3)	Ketonur
	(4)	PS-I to	o ATP	syntł	nase		(4)	Renal ca
122.		ch the fol their fur		-	erning essential elements lants :	128.	Sele	ct the cor
	(a)	Iron		(i)	Photolysis of water		(1)	Haemop
	(b)	Zinc		(ii)	Pollen germination		(2)	Phenylk
	(c)	Boron		(iii)	Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis		(3)	Sickle ce
	(d)	Manga	anese	(iv)	IAA biosynthesis			0
	Sele	ct the co	orrec	t optio	on:			
			(b)	(c)	(d)		(4)	Thalass
	(1)		(i)	(iv)	(iii)	129.	Stro	bili or con
	(2)		(iii)	(ii)			(1)	Salvinia
	(3)		(iv)	(ii)			(2)	Pteris
	(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii) kell		(3)	Marchai
123.			at oriș	ginate	from the base of the stem		(4)	Equiset
	are : (1)		19 100	ta 🔰	WILL S			-
	(1) (2)	Fibrous roots Primary roots				130.		tify the w
	(2)	Prop r	-					ene 'I' tha
	(4)	Latera		s			(1)	The gen
							(2)	A perso alleles.
124.		-		-	.L. Miller produced amino		(1)	
	(1)				owing in a closed flask : d water vapor at 800°C		(3)	When I ^A express
	(1)	-	-	0	d water vapor at 800°C		(4)	Allele 'i'
	(3)	9	-	-	d water vapor at 600°C		(-)	111010 1
	(4)	-	-		d water vapor at 600°C	131.		tify the co an digesti
125.	Iden	tify the l	basic	amino	acid from the following.		(1)	Ileum op
	(1)	Tyrosi	ne				(2)	Serosa
	(2)	Glutar	mic A	cid				aliment
	(9)	T				1	(9)	T1

(3)Lysine

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(4)Valine 16

- of growth is maximum during :
 - ase
 - ase
 - ence
 - ncy
- which of the following conditions in icative of Diabetes Mellitus?
 - a and Ketonuria
 - a and Renal Calculi
 - ria and Glycosuria
 - calculi and Hyperglycaemia

rrect match.

(1)	Haemophilia -	Y linked
(2)	Phenylketonuria -	Autosomal dominant trait
(3)	Sickle cell anaemia -	Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
(4)	Thalassemia -	X linked

nes are found in :

- \dot{a}
- antia
- tum
- wrong statement with reference to at controls ABO blood groups.
 - ne (I) has three alleles.
 - on will have only two of the three
 - ${\rm I}^{\rm A}$ and ${\rm I}^{\rm B}$ are present together, they s same type of sugar.
 - i' does not produce any sugar.
- correct statement with reference to tive system.
 - opens into small intestine.
 - is the innermost layer of the tary canal.
 - (3)Ileum is a highly coiled part.
 - (4)Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.

132.	Which of the following would help in prevention of	
	diuresis?	

- (1) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
- (2) Reabsorption of Na⁺ and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
- (3) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
- (4) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
- 133. Match the following with respect to meiosis :
 - (a) Zygotene (i) Terminalization
 - (b) Pachytene (ii) Chiasmata
 - (c) Diplotene (iii) Crossing over
 - (d) Diakinesis (iv) Synapsis

Select the **correct** option from the following :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)

134. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy?

- (1) Gibberellic acid
- (2) Abscisic acid
- (3) Phenolic acid
- (4) Para-ascorbic acid
- 135. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I

PCR

(i)

(d)

(4)

Column - II

(a) Bt cotton
(b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency
(c) RNAi
(ii) Gene therapy
(iii) Cellular defence deficiency

(iv)

(iv)

- infection
 - Bacillus thuringiensis
- (a) **(b)** (c) (d) (i) (1)(iv) (ii) (iii) (2)(iii) (ii) (i) (iv) (3)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i)

(ii)

(iii)

- **136.** Match the following :
 - (a) Inhibitor of catalytic (i) Ricin activity
 - (b) Possess peptide bonds (ii) Malonate
 - (c) Cell wall material in (iii) Chitin fungi
 - (d) Secondary metabolite (iv) Collagen Choose the **correct** option from the following :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)

- **137.** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
 - (1) Selectable marker
 - (2) Ori site
 - (3) Palindromic sequence
 - (4) Recognition site
- 138. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :
 - (1) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
 - (2) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
 - (3) High reflection of light from snow
 - (4) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- **139.** According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :
 - (1) 1.5 million
 - (2) 20 million
 - (3) 50 million
 - (4) 7 million
- **140.** By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?
 - (1) Out crossing
 - (2) Mutational breeding
 - (3) Cross breeding
 - (4) Inbreeding
- **141.** Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
 - (1) Western Ghats of India
 - (2) Madagascar
 - (3) Himalayas
 - (4) Amazon forests

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- 142. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

	corr	rrect option.					
		Colı	umn - İ	I	Column - II		
	(a)	6 - 15 pairs of			(i)	Trygon	
		gill slits					
	(b)	Heterocercal			(ii)	Cyclostomes	
	(0)		alfin	a1	(ш)	Oyclostonics	
						~	
	(c)	Air E	Bladder	<u> </u>	(iii)	Chondrichthyes	
	(d)	Poise	on stin	g	(iv)	Osteichthyes	
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
	(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)		
	(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)		
	(3)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)		
1 10	(4)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)		
143.			the f	ollowi	ng st	atements is not	
	(1)	ect?	oon i	ngulir	, ia a	ynthesised as a	
	(1)		nsulin.	iisuiii	1 15 5	ynthesised as a	
	(2)	-		ulin ha	asane	xtra peptide called	
	(-)		ptide.			initia populato talloa	
	(3)			onal in	sulin ł	has A and B chains	
		linke	ed toge	ther by	y hydro	ogen bonds.	
	(4)			v engin	eered	insulin is produced	
		in <i>E</i> -	Coli.				
144.	Mate	ch the o	organis	sm wit	h its us	se in biotechnology.	
	(a)	Baci	llus		(i)	Cloning vector	
		thur	ingiens	sis			
	(b)	Ther	mus		(ii)	Construction of	
	. /	aauo	ticus		. /	firet DNA	
						cholecule	
	(c)	Agro	bacter	ium	(iii)	DNA polymerase	
	(C)	-				DIVA poly merase	
	(1)		efacien				
	(d)		ionella		(iv)	Cry proteins	
		• •	imuriu				
	Seleo					the following :	
	(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
	(1) (2)	(ii) (iv)	(iv)		(i) (ii)		
	(2) (3)	(iv) (iii)	(iii) (ii)	(i) (iv)	(ii) (i)		
	(3) (4)	(iii)	(iv)	(iv) (i)	(ii)		
145.	• •	. ,	. /	.,		s is of unicellular	
140.	algae		JIE 101	10 w 111ş	g pairs	s is of unicentular	
	(1)		inaria	and Se	argass	um	
	(2)			nd Gro			
	(3)			and Vo			
	(4)	Chlo	rella a	nd Spi	rulina		
146.	Meio					ondary oocyte is	
		leted :					
	-			ulation			
	(2)	At th	le time	ofcop	ulatior	1	
	(2)	A fta-		oform	ation		

- (3) After zygote formation
- (4) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum

- 147. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :
 - (1) Nutritive value
 - (2) Growth response
 - (3) Defence action
 - (4) Effect on reproduction
- **148.** Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata ?
 - (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
 - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
 - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
 - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
 - (1) (d) and (c)
 - (2) (c) and (a)
 - (3) (a) and (b)
 - (4) (b) and (c)

149. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :

- (1) Insect pests
- (2) Fungal diseases
- (3) Plant nematodes
- (4) Insect predators
- **150.** The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :
 - (1) Ammonia alone
 - (2) Nitrate alone
 - (3) Ammonia and oxygen
 - (4) Ammonia and hydrogen
- 151. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I Column - II

- (a) Pituitary gland (i)(b) Thyroid gland (ii)
 - (ii) Diabetes mellitus

Grave's disease

Diabetes insipidus

(c) Adrenal gland (iii)

Pancreas

(d)

- (iv) Addison's disease
- (a) (b) (d) (c) (1)(iv) (iii) (i) (ii) (2)(iii) (i) (iv) (ii) (3)(iii) (i) (iv) (ii) (4)(ii) (i) (iv) (iii)

152.	Which one of the following is the most abundant									
	protein in the animals?									
	(1)	Haemoglobin								
	(2)	Collagen								
	(3)	Lectin								

- (4) Insulin
- **153.** Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G_1 phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
 - (1) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
 - (2) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
 - (3) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
 - (4) Nuclear Division takes place.
- **154.** Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.
- Fourth trophic level Crow (a) (i) (b) Second trophic level Vulture (ii) Rabbit (c) First trophic level (iii) Third trophic level (d) (iv) Grass Select the **correct** option : (a) **(b)** (c) (d) (1)(ii) (iii) (iv) (i) (2)(iii) (ii) (i) (iv) (3)(iv) (iii) (ii) (i) (4)(i) (ii) (iii) (iv) The ovary is half inferior in 155. (1) Brinjal (2)Mustard (3)Sunflower (4)Plum
- **156.** The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :
 - (1) Hilum
 - (2) Micropyle
 - (3) Nucellus
 - (4) Chalaza
- **157.** The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
 - (1) 5' GAATTC 3'
 - 3' CTTAAG 5'
 - (2) 5' GGAACC 3'
 - 3' CCTTGG 5'
 - (3) 5' CTTAAG 3' 3' - GAATTC - 5'
 - (4) 5' GGATCC 3'
 - 3' CCTAGG 5'

- **158.** Which of the following is **correct** about viroids ?
 - (1) They have RNA with protein coat.
 - $(2) \qquad {\rm They\ have\ free\ RNA\ without\ protein\ coat.}$
 - (3) They have DNA with protein coat.
 - (4) They have free DNA without protein coat.
- **159.** In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
 - (1) insects or wind
 - (2) water currents only
 - (3) wind and water
 - (4) insects and water
- **160.** The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
 - (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
 - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
 - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
 - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.
 - Identify the category of plant and its part :
 - (1) Monocotyledonous stem
 - (2) Monocotyledonous root
 - (3) Dicotyledonous stem
 - (4) Dicotyledonous root
- 161. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
 - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
 - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
 - (4) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- 162. Select the correct statement.
 - (1) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
 - (2) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
 - (3) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
 - (4) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.

E2	20													
163.	8									oers of	Pengu	uins an	d Dolp	ohins are examples
	corr	correct option.							of : (1) Adaptive radiation					
		Column - I				lumn - II		(2)						
	(a)	pest (b) Adult with radial (ii)				s (1)	Asterias		(3) Industrial melanism(4) Natural selection					
	(b)					(ii) Scorpion		168.	Which of the following hormone levels will cause					
		symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry							release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle?					
	(c)	Book lungs				(iii)	Ctenoplana		(1) High concentration of Estrogen					
	(d)	Bioluminescence			(iv)	Locusta		(2) High concentration of Progesterone(3) Low concentration of LH						
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)				(3) (4)		concer concer			
	(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)			169.	. ,					nsecutive base pairs
	(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)			105.						er of base pairs of a
	(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)									mammalian cell is
	(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)							en the	e leng	th of the DNA is
164.	. Match the following columns and select the							appr (1)	oxima [.]	tely : 1eters				
	correct option.						(1) (2)		ieters					
		Column - I				Colu	mn - II		(3)		neters			
	(a)	Eosinophils ((i)	Imm	une response		(4)		neters	()		
	(b)	Baso	phils		(ii)	Phag	ocytosis	170.	Match the following columns and select the					
	(c)			Relea	Release		correct option.							
	(c) recurophins (iii)			histaminase,			Column - I			<i>(</i> 1)	Column - II			
						destructive			(a)	Placenta			(i)	Androgens
							enzymes		(b) Zona pellucida			ida	(ii)	Human Chorionic
	(1)	т	1 ($\langle \cdot \rangle$	-				•				Gonadotropin
	(d)	Lym	phocyt	es	(iv)		ase granules							(hCG)
					containing			(c)	Bulbo-urethral			(iii)	Layer of the ovum	
				histanthe			glands							
	(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d) (i)				(d)	Leyd	lig cells	3	(iv)	Lubrication of the
	(1) (2)	(iii) (iv)	(iv) (i)	(ii) (ii)		<u>(</u>)								Penis
	(2) (3)	(iv) (i)	(i) (ii)	(iv)					(-)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	
	(4)	(ii)	(i)		(iv)	1	6		(1) (2)	(iv) (i)	(iii) (iv)	(i) (ii)	(ii) (iii)	
105							1. 6		(2) (3)	(i) (iii)	(iv) (ii)	(iv)	(ii)	
165.			of cock ecause		1s rem	oved, it	t may live for		(4)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	
	(1)	-			nhage	al gan	glia of the	171.	Match the following columns and select the					
	(1)	(1) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of						correct option.						
		abdomen.					-		Column - I					Column - II
	(2)	(2) the cockroach does not have			ave ner	vous system.		(a)	(a) <i>Clostridium</i>			(i)	Cyclosporin-A	
	(3)	(3) the head holds a small proportio								butylicum				
	system while the rest is situated along the				ed along the		(b)	Trick	hodern	ıa	(ii)	Butyric Acid		
	(\mathbf{A})	ventral part of its body.								polys	sporun	ı		
	(4) the head holds a 1/3 rd of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal					(c)	Mon	ascus		(iii)	Citric Acid			
		part of its body.					u along the uorsar		purpureus					
100	Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA								(d)		rgillus	niger	(iv)	Blood cholesterol
166.	helix during transcription.							1.7	-1-0	8		× · /	lowering agent	
	(1)									(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	10 th offing agoint
	(1) (2)							(1)	(a) (iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(u) (i)		
	(2)								(1) (2)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	
	(4)							(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)		
								I	(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	

- **172.** Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
 - (1) Squamous epithelial cells
 - (2) Columnar epithelial cells
 - (3) Chondrocytes
 - (4) Compound epithelial cells
- **173.** Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
 - (1) Mendel
 - (2) Sutton
 - (3) Boveri
 - (4) Morgan
- **174.** The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :
 - (1) Transpiration
 - (2) Root pressure
 - (3) Imbibition
 - (4) Plasmolysis
- 175. Identify the substances having glycoside bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
 - (1) Chitin, cholesterol
 - (2) Glycerol, trypsin
 - (3) Cellulose, lecitiv
 - (4) Inulin, insulin
- **176.** Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population?
 - (1) Sex ratio
 - (2) Natality
 - (3) Mortality
 - (4) Species interaction
- 177. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :
 - (1) protein into polypeptides
 - (2) trypsinogen into trypsin
 - (3) caseinogen into casein
 - (4) pepsinogen into pepsin

- 178. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage (G_0). This process occurs at the end of :
 - (1) M phase
 - (2) G_1 phase
 - (3) S phase
 - (4) G_2 phase
- **179.** In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?
 - (1) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
 - (2) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
 - (3) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
 - (4) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
- 180. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?
 - (1) Primary sludge
 - (2) Floating debris
 - (3) Effluents of primary treatment
 - (4) Activated sludge

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